

## Fly Ash

#### 1. Identification

**TRADE NAME(S):** Fly ash

**SYNONYMS and/or GRADES:** Biomass Fuel Ash, Wood Boiler Ash, Wood Fly Ash

**PRODUCY USES:** May be used as but not limited to road base material

filler for concrete and soil stabilizer.

**CHEMICAL NAME/CLASS:** Carbonaceous residue remaining on fabric filters

after combustion of wood and biomass fuel in a boiler.

Meets Class 3 landfill disposal requirements.

**MANUFACTURER'S NAME:** Desert View Power

**ADDRESS:** 62300 Gene Welmas Drive

Mecca Ca 92254

**EMERGANCY PHONE:** (760) 396-2554 **BUSINESS PHONE:** (760) 396-2554

**REVISED DATE:** March 12, 2016

#### 2. Hazard (s) Identification

GHS Classification: Acute Toxicity Oral - Category 4

Acute Toxicity Inhalation - Category 4 Skin Corrosion/Irritation - Category 2

Eye Damage - Category 2A Carcinogenicity - Category 1A

Specific Target Organ Toxicity Repeat Exposure -

Category 1

Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment - Category 4

**GHS LABEL ELEMENTS:** Symbol (s)





### 2. Hazard (s) Identification cont...

Signal Word: Danger

**Hazard Statements:** Harmful if swallowed or inhaled. Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye irritation. May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure. May cause

long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

**Precautionary Statements:** Prevention Wash thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Do not breathe dust. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective

clothing/eye protection/face protection Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been

read and understood.

Avoid release to the environment.

**Response Statements:** If swallowed: Call a poison center/doctor if you feel

unwell. Rinse mouth.

If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center/doctor

if you feel unwell.

If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation

occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash before re\use.

If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several

minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get

medical advice/attention

**Disposal:** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/

regional/national/international regulations.

### 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients cont...

General Product Information: Trace amounts of various elements including but

not limited to arsenic, antimony, carbon, lead,

nickel, molybdenum, chromium, barium,

mercury, selenium, beryllium, cadmium and zinc

may be detected in flyash as a result of their

presence in the source.

## 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients cont...

Substance	CAS	Percent
Fly Ash as Particulate (NOR)	69012-84-6	
Calcium Carbonate	471-34-1	25-35
Calcium oxide	1305-78-8	15-20
Potassium oxide	12136-45-7	3-6
Crystalline Silica	1408-60-7	>2

#### 4. First Aid Measures

First Aid: Eyes In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with

plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, including under the lids. If easy to do, remove contact lenses, if worn.

Get medical attention immediately.

**First Aid: Skin** If irritation occurs, flush skin with plenty of water. In

some cases - e.g., large amounts of flyash still present on the skin – before wetting the product / skin, it may

be advisable or appropriate to gently brush -

AVOID the generation of dust – the bulk of the flyash

from the skin.

Call physician if irritation persists

First Aid: Ingestion If swallowed, do not induce vomiting unless directed to

do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If conscious and capable of swallowing, rinse month thoroughly with water and then drink plenty of water to dilute the material in the stomach. Get medical attention

immediately.

First Aid: Inhalation Remove to fresh air. Seek medical help if coughing

and other symptoms do not subside

#### 5. Fire Fighting Measures

**General Fire Hazards:** Not flammable. Firefighters should wear full protective

gear.

**Extinguishing Media:** Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding

fire

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: None

#### 6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing

and Protective Equipment: during clean-up.

**Recovery and Neutralization** Use scooping, water spraying/flushing/misting or

of Materials and Methods ventilated vacuum cleaning systems to clean up

**for Clean-Up:** spills. Do not use pressurized air.

**Emergency Measures:** Contain the spill or leak. Avoid generating dust. Do

not touch the spilled material. Isolate area. Keep

unnecessary personnel away.

**Environmental Precautions:** This material is a water pollutant: prevent material

from entering drains, sewers, ditches or waterways.

7. Handling and Storage

**Handling Procedures:** Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Minimize dust

generation and accumulation. Avoid breathing dust. Wear the appropriate respiratory protection against dust in poorly ventilated areas and if TLV is exceeded. Wear the appropriate eye protection against dust. Use

good safety and industrial hygiene practices.

Storage Procedures: Minimize dust produced during loading and unloading.

Store in ventilated area away from sources of heat,

moisture and incompatible materials.

**Incompatibilities:** Strong acids, Boric oxide, Boron Trifluoride,

Phosphorus pentoxide, Chlorates, Chlorine Trifluoride,

Chlorine, Ammonium salts and Fluorine. Moisture (reaction may generate heat).

### 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

#### **Component Exposure Limits:**

Calcium oxide (1305-78-8) ACGIH: 2 mg/m3 TWA OSHA: 5 mg/m3 TWA NIOSH: 2 mg/m3 TWA

Calcium Carbonate (471-34-1)

ACGIH: None Listed OSHA: 5 mg/m3 TWA NIOSH: 10 mg/m3 TWA

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### 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection continued...

#### **Component Exposure Limits:**

Potassium oxide (12136-45-7)

ACGIH: not established OSHA: not established NIOSH: not established

Silica, Crystalline (14808-60-7)

ACGIH: 0.025 mg/m3 OSHA: 10 / (%Sio2 + 2) NIOSH: 0.05 mg/m3

### **Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):**

**Respiratory protection:** Wear a NIOSH-approved particulate respirator if

exposure to airborne particulates is unavoidable and where occupational exposure limits may be exceeded

**Eye and face protection:** If eye contact is possible, wear protective glasses

with side shields or dust goggles, as appropriate.

Avoid contact lenses

**Hand and skin protection:** Wear gloves and protective clothing. Wash hands

with soap and water after contact with material

### 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

**Appearance:** Opaque fine powder **Odor:** None

Physical State: Solid/Fine Powder pH: >12.3 <12.6 (in water)

Vapor Pressure: Not Applicable

Boiling Point: Not Applicable

Melting Point: Not Applicable

Melting Point: Not Applicable

**Solubility (H2O):** Mostly insoluble **Specific Gravity:** 2.2-3.4

**Evaporation Rate:** Not Applicable **VOC:** Not Determined

Flash Point: Not Determined Auto Ignition: Not Determined

**Upper Flammability Limit (UFL):** Not Determined **Lower Flammability Limit (LFL):** Not Determined

N-Octane/H2O Coefficient: Not Determined

### 10. Stability and Reactivity

**Chemical Stability:** The material is stable under normal use condition

**Hazardous Reaction Potential:** The material is a relatively stable, inert material.

Polymerization will not occur. However, when ash containing added ammonia becomes wet under high pH (>9), free ammonia gas may be released, resulting in an objectionable/nuisance ammonia odor and potential exposure to ammonia gas, especially in

confined spaces.

**Conditions to Avoid:** The flyash, particularly if moist or wet - or in solutions

may be corrosive to metals.

**Hazardous Decomposition Products:** 

Reacts with water to form calcium hydroxide. Calcium hydroxide and water solution can be irritating and

corrosive.

## 11. Toxicological Information

**Acute Toxicity:** Ashes, residues (68131-74-8) Oral LD50

Rat >2000 mg/kg

Calcium oxide (1305-78-8) Oral LD50

Rat 500 mg/kg

Calcium Carbonate (471-34-1) Oral LD50

Rat 6450 mg/kg

Potassium oxide (1236-45-7) Oral LD50

Not Established

Crystalline Silica (1408-60-7) Oral LD50

Rat >22,500 mg/kg

Potential Health Effects Skin: May cause skin irritation. May cause burns in the

presence of moisture.

### 11. Toxicological Information cont...

Potential Health Effects Eye: May cause chemical burns. Causes irritation

(possibly severe).

### **Potential Health Effects Ingestion:**

May be harmful if swallowed. May cause stomach distress, nausea or vomiting. May cause burning of mouth, throat and esophagus.

#### **Potential Health Effects Inhalation:**

Exposure to dust generated during the handling or use of the product may irritate eyes, skin, nose, throat and upper respiratory tract.

### **Respiratory Organs Sensitization/Skin Sensitization:**

This product is not reported to have any sensitization effects.

#### **Reproductive Toxicity:**

This product is not reported to have any reproductive toxicity effects.

### **Carcinogenicity General Product Information:**

May cause cancer. Prolonged or repeated exposure to airborne free crystalline silica can result in lung disease and/or lung cancer.

#### **Other Toxicological Information:**

Repeated exposure to calcium oxide has shown to cause ulceration of the nasal septum, bronchitis and pneumonia. Chronic inhalation of silica quartz may cause autoimmune disease. Chronic exposure to an ingredient in this mixture has been reported to cause renal injury and adverse effects on visual acuity.

# 12. Ecological Information

**Environmental Fate:** Materials can be used as an soil amendment,

concrete filler, road base and is suitable for land fill.

This product may cause long-term adverse effects in

the aquatic environment.

### 12. Ecological Information cont...

Calcium oxide (1305-78-8) Test & Species 96 Hr LC50 Cyprinus carpio

1070 mg/L [static]

Ashes, residues (68131-74-8) Test & Species 24 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna

140 - 2000 mg/L

### 13. Disposal Considerations

Dispose of all waste product and containers in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

See Sections 7 and 8 above for safe handling and use, including appropriate hygienic practices.

### 14. Transport Information

**Mode Land, Air or Water:** Not regulated as a hazardous material by the U.S.

Department of Transportation.

Not listed as a hazardous material in Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG)

regulations.

Shipping Name: Not Regulated
Hazard Class: Not Regulated
ID Number: Not Regulated

#### 15. Regulatory Information

**TSCA Inventory Status:** All components are listed on the TSCA Inventory.

**California Proposition 65:** The following substances are known to the State of

California to be carcinogens.

\* Respirable crystalline silica

**OSHA:** Fly ash and all listed ingredients are considered by

OSHA to be hazardous chemicals or irritants and should be included in the employers hazardous

communication program.

### 15. Regulatory Information cont...

**SARA 313:** Wood fly ash is not a SARA 313 substance.

**SARA 311/312:** This product has been reviewed under SARA Title III

Section 311 & 312 and has been determined to meet

the following categories:

An immediate health hazard Yes
A delayed (chronic) health hazard Yes
A corrosive hazard No
A fire hazard No
A reactive hazard No
A sudden release hazard No

**FDA:** Not intended for use as a food additive or food contact

item.

#### 16. Additional Information

**Date Prepared:** 03/12/2016

**Prepared By:** Desert View Power Safety & Environmental Office

**Abbreviations and Acronyms** 

ACGIH: American Conference of Industrial Hygienists

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH: National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health

TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act
GHS: Globally Harmonized System

**EC50:** Effective Concentration That Inhibits the Endpoint to

50% of Control Population

**LD50:** Dose resulting in the mortality of 50% of an

animal population

**LC50:** Concentration resulting in the mortality of 50% of an

animal population

VOC: Volatile Organic Compound

NOR: Not Otherwise Regulated

### 16. Additional Information cont...

# **Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS):**

Health	1 *
Flammability 0	0
Physical Hazard 0	0
Protective Equipment	В

<sup>\*</sup> For further information on health effects, see Sections 2, 8 and 11 of this MSDS.

#### **WHMIS Classification:**

Controlled product—calcium carbonate: E (corrosive)

#### Other Information

The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet is based on the experience of the safety & environmental professionals at Desert View Power and comes from sources believed to be accurate or otherwise technically correct at the time of preparation. It is the responsibility of the user to investigate and understand other pertinent sources of information, and to comply with all laws and procedures applicable to the safe handling and use of the product. It is also the users responsibility to determine the suitability of the product for its intended end use.